

COMPONENTS: (1) Terbium bromide; $TbBr_3$ [14456-47-4] (2) Tetrahydrofuran; C_4H_8O ; [109-99-9]	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: Rossmannith, K. <i>Monatsh. Chem.</i> <u>1966</u> , 97, 1357-64.
VARIABLES: Room Temperature: T/K = 294-296	PREPARED BY: T. Mioduski
EXPERIMENTAL VALUES: The solubility of $TbBr_3$ in tetrahydrofuran at 21-23°C was reported to be 0.29 g per 100 ml of solution (0.0073 mol dm^{-3} , compiler).	
AUXILIARY INFORMATION	
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Isothermal method employed. The solution was equilibrated in an extractor with agitation for 60-80 hours at room temperature. Terbium was determined by the oxalate method and by titration with EDTA using Xylenol Orange indicator. The solvent was determined by difference. Anhydrous materials were handled in a dry box through which was passed a stream of nitrogen free of carbon dioxide. The solid phase is $TbBr_3 \cdot 4C_4H_8O$.	SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: Sources and purities of initial materials not specified. $TbBr_3$ was prepared by conversion of the oxide by high temperature reaction with an excess of NH_4Br followed by heating the product in a stream of dry nitrogen, and then in vacuum to remove unreacted NH_4Br . Tetrahydrofuran was distilled from $LiAlH_4$. ESTIMATED ERROR: Nothing specified. REFERENCES:

COMPONENTS: (1) Terbium bromide; $TbBr_3$; [14456-47-4] (2) 1,4-Dioxane; $C_4H_8O_2$; [123-91-1]	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: Kirmse, E.M.; Zwietasch, K.J.; Tirschmann, J.; Oelsner, L.; Niedergeases, U. <i>Z. Chem.</i> <u>1968</u> , <i>8</i> , 472-3. Kirmse, E.M. <i>Tr. II Vses. Konf. po Teor. Rastvorov.</i> <u>1971</u> , 200-6.
VARIABLES: Room Temperature: T/K around 298	PREPARED BY: T. Mioduski
EXPERIMENTAL VALUES: The solubility of $TbBr_3$ in p-dioxane at about 25°C was given as 0.9 mass \% The corresponding molality calculated by the compiler is $0.023 \text{ mol kg}^{-1}$ The nature of the solid phase was not specified.	
AUXILIARY INFORMATION	
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: The solute-solvent mixtures were isothermally agitated at 25°C or at room temperature. Authors state that the difference found for the solubility was within experimental error limits. Tb was determined by complexometric titration. No other details given.	SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: The anhydrous salt was prepared by the method of Taylor and Carter (1). No other information given. ESTIMATED ERROR: Nothing specified. REFERENCES: 1. Taylor, M.D.; Carter, C.P. <i>J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.</i> <u>1962</u> , <i>24</i> , 387.

COMPONENTS: (1) Terbium bromide; $TbBr_3$; [14456-47-4] (2) Alkyl amines	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: Kirmse, E.M. <i>Tr. II Vses. Konf. po Teor. Rastvorov</i> <u>1971</u> , 200-6.																								
VARIABLES: T/K = 298	PREPARED BY: T. Mioduski and M. Salomon																								
EXPERIMENTAL VALUES: <table border="0" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">solvent</th> <th colspan="3" style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">$TbBr_3$ solubility^a</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;"></th> <th style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;"></th> <th style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;"></th> <th style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; text-align: right;">mass %</th> <th style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; text-align: right;">mol kg⁻¹</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;">1-propanamine; n-C₃H₉N;</td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;">[107-10-8]</td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; text-align: right;">17.0</td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; text-align: right;">0.514</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;">1-butanamine; n-C₄H₁₁N;</td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;">[109-73-9]</td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; text-align: right;">31.25</td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; text-align: right;">1.140</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;">2-butanamine; sec-C₄H₁₁N;</td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;">[13952-84-6]</td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; text-align: right;">34.7</td> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; text-align: right;">1.33₃</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>^aMolalities calculated by the compilers.</p>		solvent	$TbBr_3$ solubility ^a						mass %	mol kg ⁻¹	1-propanamine; n-C ₃ H ₉ N;	[107-10-8]		17.0	0.514	1-butanamine; n-C ₄ H ₁₁ N;	[109-73-9]		31.25	1.140	2-butanamine; sec-C ₄ H ₁₁ N;	[13952-84-6]		34.7	1.33 ₃
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METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Experimental details not given, but were probably similar to previous works of the author which are compiled throughout this volume. Nature of solid phases not specified.	SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: Nothing specified, but based on previous work by the author, the anhydrous salt was probably prepared by the method of Taylor and Carter (1).																								
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