

COMPONENTS: (1) Ytterbium bromide; YbBr_3 ; [13759-89-2] (2) 1,2-Diethoxyethane; $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$; [629-14-1]	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: Kirmse, E.M. <i>Tr. II Vses. Konf. po Teor. Rastvorov</i> <u>1971</u> , 200-6.
VARIABLES: T/K = 298	PREPARED BY: T. Mioduski
EXPERIMENTAL VALUES: <p>The solubility of YbBr_3 in 1,2-dimethoxyethane at 25°C was reported as</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0.9 mass %.</p> <p>The corresponding molality calculated by the compiler is</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0.022 mol kg^{-1}</p> <p>The nature of the solid phase was not specified.</p>	
AUXILIARY INFORMATION	
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Experimental details not given, but were probably similar to previous works of the author which are compiled throughout this volume. Nature of solid phase not specified.	SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: Nothing specified, but based on previous work by the author the anhydrous salt was probably prepared by the method of Taylor and Carter (1). ESTIMATED ERROR: Nothing specified. REFERENCES: 1. Taylor, M.D. Carter, C.P. <i>J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.</i> <u>1962</u> , 24, 387.

COMPONENTS: (1) Ytterbium bromide; YbBr ₃ ; [13759-89-2] (2) Tetrahydrofuran; C ₄ H ₈ O; [109-99-9]	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: Rossmannith, K. <i>Monatsh. Chem.</i> <u>1966</u> , 97, 1357-64.
VARIABLES: Room Temperature: T/K = 294-296	PREPARED BY: T. Mioduski
EXPERIMENTAL VALUES: The solubility of YbBr ₃ in tetrahydrofuran at 21-23°C was reported to be <div style="text-align: center;"> 0.25 g per 100 ml of solution or 6.05 x 10⁻³ mol dm⁻³ (compiler) </div>	
AUXILIARY INFORMATION	
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Isothermal method employed. The solution was equilibrated in an extractor with agitation for 60-80 hours at room temperature. Ytterbium was determined by the oxalate method and by titration with EDTA using Xylenol Orange indicator. The solvent was determined by difference. Anhydrous materials were handled in a dry box through which was passed a stream of nitrogen free of carbon dioxide. The solid phase is YbBr ₃ .3C ₄ H ₈ O.	SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: Sources and purities of initial materials not specified. YbBr ₃ was prepared by conversion of the oxide by high temperature reaction with an excess of NH ₄ Br followed by heating the product in a stream of dry nitrogen, and then in vacuum to remove unreacted NH ₄ Br. Tetrahydrofuran was distilled from LiAlH ₄ . ESTIMATED ERROR: Nothing specified. REFERENCES:

COMPONENTS: (1) Ytterbium bromide; YbBr_3 ; [13759-89-2] (2) 1,4-Dioxane; $\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$; [123-81-1]	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: Kirmse, E.M.; Zwietasch, K.J.; Tirschmann, J.; Oelsner, L.; Niedergesaess. U. Z. Chem. 1968, 8, 472-3. Kirmse, E.M. <i>Tk. II. Vses . Konf. po Teor. Rastvorov.</i> 1971, 200-6.
VARIABLES: Room Temperature: T/K around 298	PREPARED BY: T. Mioduski
EXPERIMENTAL VALUES: <p>The solubility of YbBr_3 in p-dioxane at around 25°C was given as</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1.7 mass %</p> <p>The corresponding molality calculated by the compiler is</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0.042 mol kg^{-1}</p> <p>The nature of the solid phase was not specified.</p>	
AUXILIARY INFORMATION	
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: The solute-solvent mixtures were isothermally agitated at 25°C or at room temperature. Authors state that the difference found for the solubility was within experimental error limits. Yb was determined by complexometric titration. No other details given.	SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: The anhydrous salt was prepared by the method of Taylor and Carter (1). No other information given.
	ESTIMATED ERROR: Nothing specified.
	REFERENCES: 1. Taylor, M.D.; Carter, C.P. <i>J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.</i> 1962, 24, 387.

COMPONENTS: (1) Ytterbium bromide; YbBr_3 ; [13759-89-2] (2) Alkyl amines	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: Kirmse, E.M. <i>Tr. II Vses. Kong. po Teor. Rastvorov</i> <u>1971</u> , 200-6.																																			
VARIABLES: T/K = 298	PREPARED BY: T. Mioduski and M. Salomon																																			
EXPERIMENTAL VALUES: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3"></th> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">YbBr_3 solubility^a</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">solvent</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">mass %</th> <th style="text-align: center;">mol kg^{-1}</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1-propanamine;</td> <td>n-$\text{C}_3\text{H}_9\text{N}$;</td> <td>[107-10-8]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">34.5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.276</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2-propanamine;</td> <td>iso-$\text{C}_3\text{H}_9\text{N}$;</td> <td>[75-31-0]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">22.75</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.713</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1-butanamine;</td> <td>n-$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$;</td> <td>[109-73-9]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">24.5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.786</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2-butanamine;</td> <td>sec-$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$;</td> <td>[13952-84-6]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">33.9</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.243</td> </tr> <tr> <td>di-2-butylamine;</td> <td>(sec-C_4H_9)₂NH;</td> <td>[626-23-3]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.0097</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>^aMolalities calculated by the compilers.</p>					YbBr_3 solubility ^a		solvent			mass %	mol kg^{-1}	1-propanamine;	n- $\text{C}_3\text{H}_9\text{N}$;	[107-10-8]	34.5	1.276	2-propanamine;	iso- $\text{C}_3\text{H}_9\text{N}$;	[75-31-0]	22.75	0.713	1-butanamine;	n- $\text{C}_4\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$;	[109-73-9]	24.5	0.786	2-butanamine;	sec- $\text{C}_4\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$;	[13952-84-6]	33.9	1.243	di-2-butylamine;	(sec- C_4H_9) ₂ NH;	[626-23-3]	0.4	0.0097
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