

<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Potassium dihydrogenphosphate; $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ ; [7778-77-0] (2) Water; $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ; [7732-18-5]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Apfel, O. Dissertation, Technical University, Darmstadt, 1911.																																								
<b>VARIABLES:</b> Temperature and composition.	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> J. Eysseletová																																								
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b> <p style="text-align: center;">Composition of the saturated liquid phase.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2"><math>t/^\circ\text{C}.</math></th> <th><math>\text{PO}_4^{3-}</math></th> <th><math>\text{K}^+</math></th> <th colspan="2"><math>\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4^a</math></th> </tr> <tr> <th>concn<sup>b</sup></th> <th>concn<sup>b</sup></th> <th>mass%</th> <th>mol/kg</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0.77</td> <td>0.77</td> <td>10.48</td> <td>0.86</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">25</td> <td rowspan="2">1.47</td> <td rowspan="2">1.48</td> <td>19.87</td> <td>1.82</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20.15<sup>c</sup></td> <td>1.85<sup>c</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>50</td> <td>2.15</td> <td>2.15</td> <td>29.26</td> <td>3.04</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">70</td> <td rowspan="2">2.695</td> <td rowspan="2">2.693</td> <td>36.68</td> <td>4.26</td> </tr> <tr> <td>36.65<sup>c</sup></td> <td>4.25<sup>c</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">83</td> <td rowspan="2">3.04</td> <td rowspan="2">3.08</td> <td>41.38</td> <td>5.19</td> </tr> <tr> <td>41.92<sup>c</sup></td> <td>5.30<sup>c</sup></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><sup>a</sup> These values were calculated by the compiler.</p> <p><sup>b</sup> The concentration unit is: mol/1000 g of solution.</p> <p><sup>c</sup> In these calculations the potassium content was taken as the starting point of the calculation. In the other calculations it was the <math>\text{PO}_4^{3-}</math> content.</p>		$t/^\circ\text{C}.$	$\text{PO}_4^{3-}$	$\text{K}^+$	$\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4^a$		concn <sup>b</sup>	concn <sup>b</sup>	mass%	mol/kg	0	0.77	0.77	10.48	0.86	25	1.47	1.48	19.87	1.82	20.15 <sup>c</sup>	1.85 <sup>c</sup>	50	2.15	2.15	29.26	3.04	70	2.695	2.693	36.68	4.26	36.65 <sup>c</sup>	4.25 <sup>c</sup>	83	3.04	3.08	41.38	5.19	41.92 <sup>c</sup>	5.30 <sup>c</sup>
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<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> All the experiments were carried out in a water thermostat. Equilibrium was checked by repeated analysis. The solid and liquid phases were separated from each other by filtration through a platinum wire mat. The phosphate ion content was determined gravimetrically as $\text{Mg}_2\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$ , and potassium was determined as $\text{KClO}_4$ .	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> No information is given.																																								
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<b>VARIABLES:</b> Temperature and composition.	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> J. Eysseľtová																																										
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b> Composition of saturated solutions of $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ in water. <table border="1" data-bbox="268 560 1258 860"> <thead> <tr> <th><math>t/^\circ\text{C}</math>.</th> <th>in 1000 <math>\text{cm}^3</math> mols of solution</th> <th>grams</th> <th>in 1000 g of solution mols</th> <th>grams</th> <th>in 1000 g of water mols</th> <th>grams</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1.001</td> <td>136.3</td> <td>0.917</td> <td>124.8</td> <td>1.047</td> <td>142.6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>15</td> <td>1.359</td> <td>185.0</td> <td>1.233</td> <td>167.8</td> <td>1.481</td> <td>201.7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>18</td> <td>1.433</td> <td>195.2</td> <td>1.302</td> <td>177.3</td> <td>1.583</td> <td>215.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>25</td> <td>1.699</td> <td>231.3</td> <td>1.474</td> <td>200.7</td> <td>1.845</td> <td>251.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-2.75<sup>a</sup></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.08</td> <td>147</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><sup>a</sup>This is the cryohydric point of the system under consideration. However, the authors are in doubt about the accuracy of their analytical results.</p>		$t/^\circ\text{C}$ .	in 1000 $\text{cm}^3$ mols of solution	grams	in 1000 g of solution mols	grams	in 1000 g of water mols	grams	0	1.001	136.3	0.917	124.8	1.047	142.6	15	1.359	185.0	1.233	167.8	1.481	201.7	18	1.433	195.2	1.302	177.3	1.583	215.5	25	1.699	231.3	1.474	200.7	1.845	251.2	-2.75 <sup>a</sup>					1.08	147
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<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> The apparatus was that described previously (1). The equilibrium was checked by repeated analysis. The $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^-$ ion content was determined gravimetrically as ammonium phosphomolybdate.	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Kahlbaum $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ was used. This material had been prepared for enzyme investigations.  <b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> The temperature was controlled to $\pm 0.1$ K. The accuracy of the cryohydric temperature was $\pm 0.01$ K. No other information is given.  <b>REFERENCES:</b> 1. Menzel, H. <i>Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.</i> <u>1927</u> , <i>164</i> , 6.																																										

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<b>VARIABLES:</b> Composition at 0, 25 and 50°C.		<b>PREPARED BY:</b> J. Eysseltová								
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b> Composition of saturated solutions of $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ in water.										
$t/^\circ\text{C}$	$d$ g cm <sup>-3</sup>	conc <sup>a</sup>	$\text{K}_2\text{O}$ conc <sup>b</sup>	conc <sup>c</sup>	conc <sup>a</sup>	$\text{P}_2\text{O}_5$ conc <sup>b</sup>	conc <sup>c</sup>	$\text{H}_2\text{O}$ conc <sup>c</sup>	$\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ mass%	$\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ mol/kg
0	1.094	9.44	4.39	39.85	9.44	6.62	60.15	808.2	12.68	1.06
25	1.147	15.9	6.89	39.85	15.9	10.40	60.15	478.5	19.90	1.82
50		25.8	10.09	39.85	25.8	15.22	60.15	295.1	29.15	3.02
<sup>a</sup> The concentration unit is: mol/1000 mol $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . <sup>b</sup> The concentration unit is: g/100 g of solution. <sup>c</sup> The concentration unit is: g/100 g of oxides. <sup>d</sup> These values were calculated by the compiler.										
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<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> The mixtures were allowed to equilibrate for 12-15 hours in a water thermostat. Phosphorus was determined gravimetrically as $\text{Mg}_2\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$ .					<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Kahlbaum $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ was used.					
					<b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> The temperature was controlled to within $\pm 0.1$ K.					
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<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Potassium dihydrogenphosphate; $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ ; [7778-77-0] (2) Water; $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ; [7732-18-5]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Bergman, A.G.; Bochkarev, N.F. <i>Izv. Akad. Nauk SSSR</i> <u>1938</u> , 237-65.																																						
<b>VARIABLES:</b> Temperature and composition.	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> J. Eysseľtová																																						
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b> <p style="text-align: center;">Composition and crystallization temperatures in the aqueous <math>\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4</math> system.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;"><math>\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4</math></th> <th rowspan="2" style="text-align: center;"><math>t/^\circ\text{C}</math>.</th> <th rowspan="2" style="text-align: center;">solid phase</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">mass%</th> <th style="text-align: center;">mol/kg<sup>a</sup></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.30</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-0.7</td> <td style="text-align: center;">ice</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">8</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.63</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-1.5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">"</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">10</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.81</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-2.1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">"</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">12</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.8</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">16</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.39</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.6</td> <td style="text-align: center;">"</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">18</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.61</td> <td style="text-align: center;">19.8</td> <td style="text-align: center;">"</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">20</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.83</td> <td style="text-align: center;">26.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">"</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">22</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2.07</td> <td style="text-align: center;">31.8</td> <td style="text-align: center;">"</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><sup>a</sup>The mol/kg <math>\text{H}_2\text{O}</math> values were calculated by the compiler.</p>		$\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$		$t/^\circ\text{C}$ .	solid phase	mass%	mol/kg <sup>a</sup>	4	0.30	-0.7	ice	8	0.63	-1.5	"	10	0.81	-2.1	"	12	1.00	0.8	$\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$	16	1.39	13.6	"	18	1.61	19.8	"	20	1.83	26.0	"	22	2.07	31.8	"
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<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> No details are given except that a visual polythermic method was used.	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Chemically pure $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ was recrystallized twice before being used.																																						
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<b>VARIABLES:</b> Temperature and composition.	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> J. Eysseltová																																																																		
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b> Composition of saturated solutions of $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ in water. <table border="1" data-bbox="343 490 905 950"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2"><math>t/^\circ\text{C}</math>.</th> <th colspan="2">mass% <math>\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4</math></th> <th rowspan="2">mol/kg <math>\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4</math><sup>b</sup></th> </tr> <tr> <th>calcd.<sup>a</sup></th> <th>exptl</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>12.79</td><td>12.88</td><td>1.086</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>14.05</td><td>14.00</td><td>1.196</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>15.46</td><td>15.50</td><td>1.347</td></tr> <tr><td>15</td><td>16.93</td><td>16.87</td><td>1.491</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>18.46</td><td>18.45</td><td>1.662</td></tr> <tr><td>25</td><td>20.09</td><td>20.04</td><td>1.841</td></tr> <tr><td>30</td><td>21.77</td><td>21.90</td><td>2.060</td></tr> <tr><td>35</td><td>23.51</td><td>23.65</td><td>2.275</td></tr> <tr><td>40</td><td>25.31</td><td>25.10</td><td>2.462</td></tr> <tr><td>45</td><td>27.17</td><td>26.90</td><td>2.703</td></tr> <tr><td>50</td><td>29.07</td><td>29.00</td><td>3.001</td></tr> <tr><td>60</td><td>33.01</td><td>33.40</td><td>3.684</td></tr> <tr><td>70</td><td>37.10</td><td>37.05</td><td>4.324</td></tr> <tr><td>80</td><td>41.29</td><td>41.30</td><td>5.169</td></tr> <tr><td>90</td><td>45.53</td><td>45.5</td><td>6.134</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p><sup>a</sup>These values were calculated from the empirical formula:  <math display="block">a = 12.79 + 0.250 t + 0.00182 t^2 - 0.00000616 t^3</math>           where a is given as g <math>\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4</math>/100 g soln, and t = temperature.</p> <p><sup>b</sup>These values were calculated by the compiler from the experimental results reported by the author.</p>		$t/^\circ\text{C}$ .	mass% $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$		mol/kg $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ <sup>b</sup>	calcd. <sup>a</sup>	exptl	0	12.79	12.88	1.086	5	14.05	14.00	1.196	10	15.46	15.50	1.347	15	16.93	16.87	1.491	20	18.46	18.45	1.662	25	20.09	20.04	1.841	30	21.77	21.90	2.060	35	23.51	23.65	2.275	40	25.31	25.10	2.462	45	27.17	26.90	2.703	50	29.07	29.00	3.001	60	33.01	33.40	3.684	70	37.10	37.05	4.324	80	41.29	41.30	5.169	90	45.53	45.5	6.134
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<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> A small amount of solid salt was added to 10-15 ml of a solution saturated at a higher temperature. The mixtures were equilibrated in a thermostat. Equilibration times were 3 hours for temperatures above 30°C, and 6 hours for temperatures lower than 30°C. After equilibration, samples of the solution were analyzed for $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ by drying at 110°C and weighing.	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ was synthesized from $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$ and $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$ and recrystallized. Its purity was said to be equivalent to "chemically pure".  <b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> The temperature had a precision of $\pm 0.05^\circ\text{C}$ . No other details are given.  <b>REFERENCES:</b>																																																																		

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<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b> Composition and mean crystallization temperature in the aqueous $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ system. <table border="1" data-bbox="535 551 1035 858" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;"><math>\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4</math></th> <th rowspan="2"><math>t/^\circ\text{C.}</math></th> <th rowspan="2">solid phase</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">mass%</th> <th style="text-align: center;">mol/kg<sup>a</sup></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">4</td><td style="text-align: center;">0.30</td><td style="text-align: center;">-0.8</td><td style="text-align: center;">ice</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">8</td><td style="text-align: center;">0.63</td><td style="text-align: center;">-1.6</td><td style="text-align: center;">"</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">10</td><td style="text-align: center;">0.81</td><td style="text-align: center;">-2.0</td><td style="text-align: center;">"</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">12</td><td style="text-align: center;">1.00</td><td style="text-align: center;">-0.2</td><td style="text-align: center;">"</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">14</td><td style="text-align: center;">1.19</td><td style="text-align: center;">-7.8</td><td style="text-align: center;">"</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">16</td><td style="text-align: center;">1.39</td><td style="text-align: center;">+14.1</td><td style="text-align: center;"><math>\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4</math></td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">18</td><td style="text-align: center;">1.61</td><td style="text-align: center;">+20.6</td><td style="text-align: center;">"</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">20</td><td style="text-align: center;">1.83</td><td style="text-align: center;">+26.7</td><td style="text-align: center;">"</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">22</td><td style="text-align: center;">2.07</td><td style="text-align: center;">+32.2</td><td style="text-align: center;">"</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="margin-left: 40px;"><sup>a</sup>The mol/kg <math>\text{H}_2\text{O}</math> values were calculated by the compiler.</p>		$\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$		$t/^\circ\text{C.}$	solid phase	mass%	mol/kg <sup>a</sup>	4	0.30	-0.8	ice	8	0.63	-1.6	"	10	0.81	-2.0	"	12	1.00	-0.2	"	14	1.19	-7.8	"	16	1.39	+14.1	$\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$	18	1.61	+20.6	"	20	1.83	+26.7	"	22	2.07	+32.2	"
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<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> A visual polythermic method (1) was used. No other details are given.	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Chemically pure $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ was recrystallized twice before use.  <b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> No information is given.  <b>REFERENCES:</b> 1. Bel'tshev, F.V.; Bergman, A.G. <i>Zh.</i> <i>Prikl. Khim.</i> <u>1944</u> , 17, 9.																																										

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<b>VARIABLES:</b> Temperature and composition.	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> J. Eysseltová
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b> <p>Parameters <math>a_i</math> of the equation</p> $c_t = a_0 + a_1 t + a_2 t^2 + \dots + a_5 t^5$ $a_0 = 14.958$ $a_1 = 2.881 \times 10^{-1}$ $a_2 = 4.914 \times 10^{-3}$ $a_3 = 1.826 \times 10^{-5}$ $a_4 = 2.311 \times 10^{-7}$ $a_5 = 0$ <p><math>c_t</math> = concentration of the saturated solution as g/100 g <math>\text{H}_2\text{O}</math> at the temperature, <math>t^\circ\text{C}</math>.</p>	
<b>AUXILIARY INFORMATION</b>	
<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> Mixtures of $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ and water were prepared by precise weighing. The saturation temperatures were measured by an apparatus constructed for the purpose of measuring the rate of crystal growth (1).	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> A special purity grade of $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ was used.  <b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> No information is given.  <b>REFERENCES:</b> 1. Petrov, T.G.; Trejbus, E.B.; Kosatkin, A.P. "Vyrashtchivanie kristallov iz rastvorov", Nedra, Leningrad, <u>1967</u> .