COMPONENTS :	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:					
(1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(aminocar- bony1)- (sulfaurea); C_H_N_0_S;	Sonnenberg, H.; Oelert, H.; Baumann, K.					
[547-44-4]	Pflugers Arcn. Ges. Physiol. <u>1965</u> , 286,					
<pre>(2) Mannitol; C₆H₁40₆; [87-78-5] (3) Methane, trichloro- (chloroform); CHCl₃;</pre>	171-80.					
 [67-66-3] (4) Phosphoric acid, disodium salt; Na₂HPO₄; 						
 (5) Phosphoric acid, monopotassium salt; Wu-Po.: [7778-77-0] 	PREPARED BY:					
(6) Sodium chloride; NaCl; $[7647-14-5]$ (7) Water; H_20 ; $[7732-18-5]$	R. Piekos					
VARIABLES:	······································					
pH						
EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:						
Relative lipoid solubility determined on the basis of concentration						
pH measurements of sulfaurea in p	erfusates ^{a,b} before (c,) and after (c _.)					
equilibration with chloroform	1 e					
100 -						
$(100 - \frac{100 \text{ c}}{2})$	<u>e</u>)					
) i						
5 ^a 0						
8 ^b 0						
^b Composition of perfusate: 68 mmol/1 NaC1, 100 mmol/1 mannitol in a phosphate buffer consisting of 5.5 ml of 0.022M KH ₂ PO ₄ and 94.5 ml of 0.022M Na ₂ HPO ₄ .						
AUXILIARY	INFORMATION					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:	SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:					
Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking	None given.					
equal volumes of the perfusate and chloro-						
form for 20 min and measuring the concn of						
sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method						
of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an ag phase						
before and after this procedure.						
•	ESTIMATED ERROR:					
	None given.					
	DEEEDENGUG					
	 Bratton, A. C.; Marshall, E. K., Jr. J. Biol. Chem. <u>1939</u>, 128, 537. 					
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COMPONENTS:	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:					
(1) Benzenesulionamide, 4-amino-N-(aminocar- bonyl)- (sulfaurea): C_H.N.O.S:	Sonnenberg, H.; Velert, H.; Baumann, K.					
[547-44-4]	Pflügers Arch. Ges. Physiol. <u>1965</u> , 286,					
(2) Benzene, methyl- (toluene); C ₇ H ₈ ;	171-80.					
[100-80-3] (3) Mannitol: CeH140e: [87-78-5]						
(4) Phosphoric acid, disodium salt; Na ₂ HPO ₄ ;						
(5) Phosphoric acid. monopotassium salt:	DEDADED BY.					
кн ₂ РО ₄ ; [7778-77-0]	R. Piekos					
 (6) Sodium chloride; NaCl; [7647-14-5] (7) Water: H_0: [7732-18-5] 						
VARIABLES:						
pH						
EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:						
Relative lippid solub	ility determined on the busis of					
DH concentration measure	ments of sulfaurea in perfusates ^{a,b}					
hefore (r) and after	(c) equilibration with toluene					
	(e, eduction area cordene					
(100						
(100 -	c _i ,					
_a _						
b 2						
8 2						
2	4 2 4					
AUXILIARY INFORMATION						
	INFORMATION					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS; None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS; None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an an	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS; None given. ESTIMATED ERROR:					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given. ESTIMATED ERROR: None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given. ESTIMATED ERROR: None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given. ESTIMATED ERROR: None given.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given. ESTIMATED ERROR: None given. REFERENCES:					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS; None given. ESTIMATED ERROR: None given. REFERENCES: 1. Bratton, A. C.; Marshall, E. K., Jr. J. Biol. Chem. 1939, 128, 537.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS; None given. ESTIMATED ERROR: None given. REFERENCES: 1. Bratton, A. C.; Marshall, E. K., Jr. J. Biol. Chem. <u>1939</u> , 128, 537.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS: None given. ESTIMATED ERROR: None given. REFERENCES: 1. Bratton, A. C.; Marshall, E. K., Jr. J. Biol. Chem. <u>1939</u> , 128, 537.					
METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE: Lipoid solubilities were detd by shaking equal volumes of the perfusate and toluene with sulfaurea for 20 min and measuring the concn of sulfaurea by the spectrophotometric method of Bratton and Marshall (1) in an aq phase before and after this procedure.	INFORMATION SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS; None given. ESTIMATED ERROR: None given. REFERENCES: 1. Bratton, A. C.; Marshall, E. K., Jr. J. Biol. Chem. <u>1939</u> , 128, 537.					

COMPONENTS:	EVALUATOR:
(1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-[(butyl-	Anthony N. Paruta
amino)carbonyl]- (carbutamide);	Department of Pharmaceutics
$C_{11}H_{17}N_{3}O_{3}S;$ [339-43-5]	University of Rhode Island
II I/ J J · · ·	Kingston, Rhode Island, USA
(2) Aqueous phosphate buffers	and
	Ryszard Piekos
	Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Gdansk
	Gdansk, Poland 1986

CRITICAL EVALUATION:

The solubility of this compound was studied by two workers (1,2) at a temperature of 310K and a pH value of 4. Alric and Puech (1) determined the solubility in a McIlvaine type buffer and recorded a value of 1.95×10^{-3} mol dm⁻³ as an average of eight determinations. Saffar, Ogata and Ejima (2) used a McIlvaine buffer at a pH value of 4 and also illustrated the equilibrium time for saturation to occur. The value given by these workers (2) coincides very well with the other study and can be given as 1.92×10^{-3} mol dm⁻³. Both workers used at least 48 hours of equilibration and Saffar et al.(2) used an average value at 24, 48 and 72 hours. The recommended value for solubility of carbutamide at pH 4 in McIlvaine's buffer is 1.93×10^{-3} mol dm⁻³.

REFERENCES:

(1)	Alric, R.;	Puech,	R. (J. Pharmac	ol. (Par	is) <u>1971,</u>	2(2),	141-54.	
(2)	Saffar, F.	; Ogata,	н.;	Ejima, A.	Chem. Pi	harm. Bull.	1982,	30(2),	679-83.

286					
COMPO	NENTS:	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:			
(1)	Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino- <u>N</u> -[(butyl- amino)carbonyl]- (carbutamide); C.,H.,N.O.S; [359-43-5]	Saffar, F.; Ogata, H.; Ejima, A. Chem. Pharm. Bull. <u>1982</u> , 30(2), 679-83.			
(2)	Hydrochloric acid; HC1; [7647-01-0]				
(3)	Water; H ₂ 0; [7732-18-5]				
VARI	ABLES:	PREPARED BY:			
	One temperature: 37 ⁰ C	R. Piekos			
EXPEI	RIMENTAL VALUES:				
Solubility of carbutamide in dilute hydrochloric acid of pH 1.2 at 37° C is 1.80 mg/ml (6.63 x 10^{-3} mol dm ⁻³ , compiler).					
	AUXILIARY	INFORMATION			
METH	OD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:	SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:			
A	satd soln of carbutamide in dilute HCl	Carbutamide powder was a commercial			
c	f pH 1.2 was shaken at 30 strokes per	product from Ono Pharmaceutical Co.,			
π	in at 37 [°] C, and samples were withdrawn	Ltd., Osaka, Japan.			
f	or analysis after 48 and 72 h. The	Hydrochloric acid was of reagent grade.			
5	amples were taken with a syringe				
e	quipped with a membrane filter (1.0 $\mu m)$,				
a	nd the absorbances were read after dilu-				
t	ion with 0.1 M phosphate buffer (pH 9.2)				
a	t 254 nm.	ESTIMATED ERROR:			
		Soly: an average of the detns after 24 h (1.77 mg/ml) and 48 h (1.83 mg/ml) is given (authors). Temp and pH: not specified.			
		REFERENCES :			