

## COMPONENTS:

- (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole);  
 $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_2S_2$ ; [94-19-9]
- (2) Aqueous phosphate buffers

## EVALUATOR:

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 University of Rhode Island  
 Kingston, Rhode Island, USA  
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## CRITICAL EVALUATION:

For the above compound, there were three reports (1-3) which determined the solubility in water at 293K and 310K at five pH levels as shown in Table I.

Table I: Solubility of Sulfaethylthiadiazole in water at various pH's and temperatures

Reference	pH	$10^3 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$	
		293K	310K
1	4.9 <sup>a</sup>	1.48	-
3	5.0 <sup>b</sup>	-	11.4
1	5.9 <sup>1a</sup>	2.95	4.64
2	5.9 <sup>a</sup>	-	5.13
3	6.0 <sup>b</sup>	-	26.7
1	7.0 <sup>a</sup>	17.80	22.93
2	7.1 <sup>a</sup>	-	21.45
3	7.0 <sup>b</sup>	-	207.5
1	7.51 <sup>a</sup>	44.91	-
3	7.5 <sup>b</sup>	-	256.7
1	8.02 <sup>a</sup>	32.64	-
3	8.0 <sup>b</sup>	-	597.8

a = buffer concentration at  $0.066 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$   
 b = buffer concentration at  $0.27 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$

The data of Bandelin and Malesh (3) reported solubility over a pH range of 5-8 in phosphate buffers of  $0.27 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$  concentration substantially greater than in the other data (1,2). The data, while showing the expected large increases in solubility with pH, refer only to initial pH values. At concentrations reported here, especially those about  $0.1 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$  ( $\sim$  pH 6.5), the dissolved amount should affect the final pH of the equilibrated solution. This would occur at pH values greater than about 5.5 ( $pK_a$ ) by the production of highly soluble anionic species affecting the pH value through the ionic strength effect. The values given by Krüger-Thiemer (1) and Langecker (2) are for  $0.066 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$  phosphate buffer. There are two sets of values that merit consideration, those at pH 5.9 and pH 7.0 (1,2). If it can be assumed that the solubility at 310K and a pH 5.5 ( $\approx pK_a$ ) is about  $2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$  then at pH 5.9, about 2.5 times as many highly water soluble anions are formed leading to a value of about  $5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ . The average of the two values (1,2) lead to a tentative solubility value at a pH = 5.9 in phosphate buffer of  $4.88 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ . At a pH of 7, there would be about 31 fold increase in anions, however, the values only indicate about a 10-11 fold increase. Although the values at a pH 7 (1,2) are reasonable in magnitude they could not be reconciled with each other and were not considered further. None of the data at 293K was duplicated by any two authors and are shown for completeness and data enhancement trend (except for pH 7.5) as a function of pH.

## REFERENCES:

- (1) Krüger-Thiemer, E. *Arch. Dermatol. Syphilis* 1942, 183, 90-116.  
 (2) Langecker, H. *Arch. Exptl. Path. Pharmacol.* 1948, 205, 291-301.  
 (3) Bandelin, F.J.; Malesh, W. *J. Am. Pharm. Assoc., Sci. Ed.* 1959, 48, 177-81.

<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_2S_2$ ; [94-19-9] (2) Water; $H_2O$ ; [7732-18-5]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Durel, M. P.; Allinne, M. <i>Bull. Soc. Med. Hop. Paris III</i> <u>1941</u> , 251-9.
<b>VARIABLES:</b> One temperature: 37°C	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> R. Piekos
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b>  Solubility of sulfaethylthiadiazole in water at 37°C is 0.40 g/liter ( $1.41 \times 10^{-3}$ mol $dm^{-3}$ , compiler ).	
<b>AUXILIARY INFORMATION</b>	
<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> A mixture of sulfaethylthiadiazole and water was agitated for 24 hours at 37°C.	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Source and purity of sulfaethylthiadiazole were not specified. Distilled water was used. <b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> Nothing specified. <b>REFERENCES:</b>



<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_2S_2$ ; [94-19-9] (2) Sodium chloride; NaCl; [7647-14-5] (3) Water; $H_2O$ ; [7732-18-5]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Langecker, H. <i>Arch. Exptl. Path. Pharmacol.</i> <u>1948</u> , 205, 291-301.
<b>VARIABLES:</b> One temperature: 37°C	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> R. Piekos
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b>  <p style="text-align: center;">Solubility of sulfaethylthiadiazole in a 0.9% w/w NaCl solution at 37°C is 62 mg% ( <math>2.2 \times 10^{-3}</math> mol dm<sup>-3</sup>, compiler ).</p>	
<b>AUXILIARY INFORMATION</b>	
<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> <p>An excess of sulfaethylthiadiazole in the 0.9% w/w NaCl soln was boiled for 1 h in a sealed ampul followed by keeping the ampul at 37°C. The concn of the sulfonamide was assayed colorimetrically by the method of Bratton and Marshall (1) using a Havemann colorimeter (2), as well as by microanal detn of the solid residue.</p>	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Source and purity of the materials were not specified.  <b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> Nothing specified.  <b>REFERENCES:</b> 1. Bratton, A. G.; Marshall, E. K., Jr. <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> <u>1939</u> , <i>128</i> , 537. 2. Havemann, R. <i>Klin. Wochenschr.</i> <u>1940</u> , p. 503.

<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_2S_2$ ; [94-19-9] (2) Phosphoric acid, disodium salt; $Na_2HPO_4$ ; [7558-94-4] (3) Water; $H_2O$ ; [7732-18-5]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Krüger-Thiemer, E. <i>Arch. Dermatol. Syphilis</i> <u>1942</u> , <u>183</u> , 90-116.
<b>VARIABLES:</b> One temperature: ca 20°C; one pH: 8.74	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> R. Piekos
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b>  <p style="text-align: center;">Solubility of sulfaethylthiadiazole in a 0.705M (10%) <math>Na_2HPO_4</math> solution of pH 8.74 at room temperature ( about 20°C ) is 1.820 g% ( 6.400 x 10<sup>-2</sup> mol dm<sup>-3</sup> solution, compiler ).</p>	
<b>AUXILIARY INFORMATION</b>	
<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> Sulfaethylthiadiazole (0.5 g) was dissolved in 10 cm <sup>3</sup> of the 0.705M (10%) $Na_2HPO_4$ solution of pH 8.74, shaken for 2 h at room temp (about 20°C), and filtered. A 1-cm <sup>3</sup> aliquot of the filtrate was withdrawn, cooled, acidified with 1 cm <sup>3</sup> of 2N HCl, and the sulfonamide content was detd colorimetrically by the method of Marshall modified by Kimmig (1) using an Authenrieth colorimeter. The pH was detd on an ultraonograph using a glass electrode.	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Sulfaethylthiadiazole was the product manufd by Schering under the name Globucid. The source and purity of the remaining materials were not specified.  <b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> Soly: precision ±5% (author). Temp: not specified. pH : ±0.05 pH unit (author).  <b>REFERENCES:</b> 1. Kimmig, J. <i>Arch. Dermatol.</i> <u>1938</u> , <u>176</u> , 722; <i>Erg. Hyg.</i> <u>1941</u> , <u>24</u> , 398.

<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_2S_2$ ; [94-19-9] (2) Phosphoric acid, monopotassium salt; $KH_2PO_4$ ; [7778-77-0] (3) Water; $H_2O$ ; [7732-18-5]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Krüger-Thiemer, E. <i>Arch. Dermatol. Syphilis</i> <u>1942</u> , <i>183</i> , 90-116.
<b>VARIABLES:</b> One temperature: ca 20°C; one pH: 4.37	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> R. Piekos
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b>  <p style="text-align: center;">Solubility of sulfaethylthiadiazole in a 0.735M (10%) <math>KH_2PO_4</math> solution of pH 4.37 at room temperature (about 20°C) is 0.0167 g% ( 5.87 x <math>10^{-4}</math> mol <math>dm^{-3}</math> solution, compiler ).</p>	
<b>AUXILIARY INFORMATION</b>	
<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> Sulfaethylthiadiazole (0.5 g) was dissolved in 10 $cm^3$ of the 0.735M (10%) $KH_2PO_4$ soln of pH 4.37, shaken for 2 h at room temp (about 20°C), and filtered. A 1- $cm^3$ aliquot of the filtrate was withdrawn, cooled, acidified with 1 $cm^3$ of 2N HCl, and the sulfonamide content was detd colorimetrically by the method of Marshall modified by Kimmig (1) using an Authenrieth colorimeter. The pH was detd on an ustraiongraph using a glass electrode.	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Sulfaethylthiadiazole was the product manufd by Schering under the name Globucid. The source and purity of the remaining materials were not specified.
	<b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> Soly: precision $\pm 5\%$ (author). Temp: not specified. pH : $\pm 0.05$ pH unit (author)
	<b>REFERENCES:</b> 1. Kimmig, J. <i>Arch. Dermatol.</i> <u>1938</u> , <i>176</i> , 722; <i>Erg. Hyg.</i> <u>1941</u> , <i>24</i> , 398.

COMPOSITION OF 1/15M PHOSPHATE BUFFER SOLUTION				SOLUBILITY			
Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	%Content	pH	Room temp (ca 20°C)		37°C	
				g%	10 <sup>2</sup> mol dm <sup>-3</sup> solution <sup>a</sup>	g%	10 <sup>2</sup> mol dm <sup>-3</sup> solution <sup>a</sup>
1.0	99.0	0.91	4.944	0.042	0.148	-	-
10.0	90.0	0.91	5.906	0.084	0.295	0.132	0.464
61.1	38.9	0.93	7.005	0.506	1.780	0.652	2.293
9.5	0.5	0.733 <sup>b</sup>	7.51	1.277	4.491	-	-
94.7	5.3	0.95	8.018	0.928	3.264	-	-

<sup>a</sup>Calculated by compiler.

<sup>b</sup>Molar content; 10% buffer solution.

**COMPONENTS:**  
 (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>; [94-19-9]  
 (2) Phosphoric acid, disodium salt; Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>; [7558-94-4]  
 (3) Phosphoric acid, monopotassium salt; KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>; [7778-77-0]  
 (4) Water; H<sub>2</sub>O; [7732-18-5]

**ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:**  
 Krüger-Thiemer, E.  
*Arch. Dermatol. Syphilis* 1942, *183*, 90-116.

**VARIABLES:**  
 Temperature; pH

**PREPARED BY:**  
 R. Piekos

**EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:**

**AUXILIARY INFORMATION**

**METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:**

Sulfaethylthiadiazole (0.5 g) was dissolved in 10 cm<sup>3</sup> of a buffer soln, shaken for 2 h at 20°C (or left for 48 h at 37°C), and filtered at respective temp. A 1-cm<sup>3</sup> aliquot of the filtrate was then withdrawn, cooled, (dild for expts at 37°C), acidified with 1 cm<sup>3</sup> of 2N HCl, and the sulfonamide content was detd colorimetrically by the method of Marshall modified by Kimmig (1) using an Authenrieth colorimeter. The pH was detd on an ultraionograph using a glass electrode.

**SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:**

Sulfaethylthiadiazole was the product manufd by Schering under the name Globucid. The source and purity of the remaining materials were not specified.

**ESTIMATED ERROR:**

Soly: precision ±5 (author)  
 Temp: not specified  
 pH : ±0.05 pH unit (author)

**REFERENCES:**

1. Kimmig, J. *Arch. Dermatol.* 1938, *176*, 722; *Erg. Hyg.* 1941, *24*, 398.

<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_2S_2$ ; [94-19-9] (2) Phosphoric acid, disodium salt; $Na_2HPO_4$ ; [7558-94-4] (3) Phosphoric acid, monopotassium salt; $KH_2PO_4$ ; [7778-77-0] (4) Water; $H_2O$ ; [7732-18-5]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Langecker, H. <i>Arch. Exptl. Path. Pharmacol.</i> <u>1948</u> , 205, 291-301.																	
<b>VARIABLES:</b> <p style="text-align: center;">pH</p>	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> <p style="text-align: center;">R. Piekos</p>																	
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b>  <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2" style="text-align: center;">pH of the 1/15M phosphate buffer</th> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Solubility at 37°C</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">mg%</th> <th style="text-align: center;"><math>10^3 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ }^a</math></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">5.7</td> <td style="text-align: center;">146</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5.13</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">5.9</td> <td style="text-align: center;">146<sup>b</sup></td> <td style="text-align: center;">5.13</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">6.6</td> <td style="text-align: center;">500</td> <td style="text-align: center;">17.58</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">7.1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">610</td> <td style="text-align: center;">21.45</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="margin-left: 40px;"><sup>a</sup> Calculated by compiler.</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;"><sup>b</sup> Measured at 20°C.</p>		pH of the 1/15M phosphate buffer	Solubility at 37°C		mg%	$10^3 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ }^a$	5.7	146	5.13	5.9	146 <sup>b</sup>	5.13	6.6	500	17.58	7.1	610	21.45
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<b>AUXILIARY INFORMATION</b>																		
<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> An excess of sulfaethylthiadiazole was added to a buffer soln and boiled for 1 h in a sealed ampul followed by keeping the ampul at 37°C. The concn of the sulfonamide was detd colorimetrically by the method of Bratton and Marshall (1) using a Havemann colorimeter (2), as well as by microanal detn of the solid residue.	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Source and purity of the materials were not specified.																	
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<b>COMPONENTS:</b>		<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b>	
(1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_2S_2$ ; [94-19-9]		Bandelin, F. J.; Malesh, W. <i>J. Am. Pharm. Assoc., Sci. Ed.</i> <u>1959</u> , <u>48</u> , 177-81.	
(2) Phosphoric acid, disodium salt; $Na_2HPO_4$ ; [7558-94-4]			
(3) Phosphoric acid, monopotassium salt; $KH_2PO_4$ ; [7778-77-0]			
(4) Water; $H_2O$ ; [7732-18-5]			
<b>VARIABLES:</b>		<b>PREPARED BY:</b>	
pH		R. Piekos	
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b>			
Solubility of sulfaethylthiadiazole in buffers of varying mixtures of $Na_2HPO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$ (71.6 g/l distilled water; 0.27 mol $dm^{-3}$ , compiler) and $KH_2PO_4$ (36.3 g/l distilled water; 0.27 mol $dm^{-3}$ , compiler) at 37°C.			
	Initial pH	Solubility	
		mg/100 ml	mol $dm^{-3}$ a
	5.0	325	0.0114
	5.5	465	0.0163
	6.0	760	0.0267
	6.5	2250	0.0791
	7.0	5900	0.2075
	7.5	7300	0.2567
	8.0	17,000	0.5978
<sup>a</sup> Calculated by compiler.			
<b>AUXILIARY INFORMATION</b>			
<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b>		<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b>	
Solns were prepd by adding an excess of sulfaethylthiadiazole to 10 ml of buffer soln at each pH level in 18 x 150-mm test tubes, stoppering the tubes and placing them in a water bath at 37°C with gentle agitation for 24 h. The mixt was then filtered and a 1-ml aliquot was accurately pipetted into a volumetric flask for diln and analysis. The balance was retained for pH detn to ascertain any change in pH value. The sulfonamide was assayed colorimetrically by the method of Bratton and Marshall as described in detail by Biamonte and Schneller (1). A standard curve was prepd using accurately prepd standard solutions.		Neither source nor purity of the reagents were specified. Distilled water was used.	
		<b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b>	
		Soly: av values of duplicate runs are reported (authors). Temp and pH: not specified.	
		<b>REFERENCES:</b>	
		1. Biamonte, A. R.; Schneller, G. E. <i>J. Am. Pharm. Assoc., Sci. Ed.</i> <u>1952</u> , <u>41</u> , 341.	

<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_2S_2$ ; [94-19-9] (2) Phosphoric acid, disodium salt; $Na_2HPO_4$ ; [7558-94-4] (3) Phosphoric acid, monopotassium salt; $KH_2PO_4$ ; [7778-77-0] (4) Water; $H_2O$ ; [7732-18-5]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Riess, W. <i>Intern. Congr. Chemotherapy, Proc. 3rd. Stuttgart 1963, 1, 627-32.</i>
<b>VARIABLES:</b> One temperature: 20°C; one pH: 7.4	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> R. Piekos
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b>  Solubility of sulfaethylthiadiazole in M/15 phosphate buffer (pH 7.4) at 20°C is 1500 mg% ( $5.275 \times 10^{-2}$ mol dm <sup>-3</sup> , compiler).	
<b>AUXILIARY INFORMATION</b>	
<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> Sørensen buffer solns of pH varying between 7 and 8 were prepd, satd with sulfaethylthiadiazole at 20°C, their pH was measured at equilibrium, and the sulfaethylthiadiazole was assayed colorimetrically. The measured pH values were plotted against concn, and the soly at pH 7.4 was detd by interpolation (personal communication).	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Nothing specified.
	<b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> Nothing specified.
	<b>REFERENCES:</b>

<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> ; [94-19-9] (2) Phosphoric acid, disodium salt; Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub> ; [7558-94-4] (3) Phosphoric acid, monopotassium salt; KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> ; [7778-77-0] (4) Water; H <sub>2</sub> O; [7732-18-8]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Hekster, Ch. A.; Vree, T. B. <i>Antibiotics Chemother.</i> <u>1982</u> , <i>31</i> , 22-118.											
<b>VARIABLES:</b> <p style="text-align: center;">pH</p>	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> <p style="text-align: center;">R. Piekos</p>											
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">pH</th> <th colspan="2">Solubility at 25°C</th> </tr> <tr> <th>mg/l</th> <th>10<sup>3</sup> mol dm<sup>-3</sup> a</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>5.5</td> <td>489</td> <td>1.72</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7.5<sup>b</sup></td> <td>7,110</td> <td>25.00</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		pH	Solubility at 25°C		mg/l	10 <sup>3</sup> mol dm <sup>-3</sup> a	5.5	489	1.72	7.5 <sup>b</sup>	7,110	25.00
pH	Solubility at 25°C											
	mg/l	10 <sup>3</sup> mol dm <sup>-3</sup> a										
5.5	489	1.72										
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<b>AUXILIARY INFORMATION</b>												
<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> <p>The earlier developed method (1) was used (personal communication). Satd solns of sulfaethylthiadiazole were prepd in phosphate buffers of pH 5.5 and 7.5 at 25°C. The concn of the solute was measured by means of a Spectra Physics 3500B high-performance liquid chromatograph equipped with a Model 748 column oven and a Pye-Unicam LC-UV spectrophotometric detector.</p>	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Neither source nor the purity of the materials was specified.											
<b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> Soly: the detection limit of the solute by HPLC was 0.5 mg/l (authors). The errors in temp and pH were not specified.												
<b>REFERENCES:</b> 1. Hekster, Y. A.; Vree, T. B.; Damsma, J. E.; Friesen, W. T. <i>J. Antimicrob. Chemother.</i> <u>1981</u> , <i>8</i> , 133.												

<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_2S_2$ ; [94-19-9] (2) Calcium chloride; $CaCl_2$ ; [10043-52-4] (3) Magnesium chloride; $MgCl_2$ ; [7786-30-3] (4) Phosphoric acid, monoammonium salt; $NH_4H_2PO_4$ ; [7722-76-1] (5) Potassium chloride; $KCl$ ; [7447-40-7] (6) Sodium chloride; $NaCl$ ; [7647-14-5] (7) Urea; $CH_4N_2O$ ; [57-13-6] (8) Water; $H_2O$ ; [7732-18-5]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Bandelin, F. J.; Malesh, W. <i>J. Am. Pharm. Assoc., Sci. Ed.</i> <u>1959</u> , 48, 177-81.																							
<b>VARIABLES:</b> pH at 37°C	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> R. Piekos																							
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b> <p>Solubility of sulfaethylthiadiazole in a solution containing <math>CaCl_2</math> 0.143, <math>MgCl_2</math> 0.121, <math>NH_4H_2PO_4</math> 0.300, <math>KCl</math> 1.660, <math>NaCl</math> 2.950 and urea 20 g/dm<sup>3</sup> (synthetic urine, Mosher Vehicle) at 37°C.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="336 675 1008 1098"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Equilibrium pH</th> <th colspan="2">Solubility</th> </tr> <tr> <th>mg/100 ml</th> <th>10<sup>2</sup> mol/dm<sup>3</sup> <sup>a</sup></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4.4</td> <td>360</td> <td>1.27</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.7</td> <td>380</td> <td>1.34</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.2</td> <td>440</td> <td>1.55</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.6</td> <td>480</td> <td>1.69</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.35</td> <td>600</td> <td>2.11</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.7</td> <td>1875</td> <td>6.59</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><sup>a</sup>Calculated by compiler.</p>		Equilibrium pH	Solubility		mg/100 ml	10 <sup>2</sup> mol/dm <sup>3</sup> <sup>a</sup>	4.4	360	1.27	4.7	380	1.34	5.2	440	1.55	5.6	480	1.69	6.35	600	2.11	6.7	1875	6.59
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<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b> <p>Excess sulfaethylthiadiazole was added to aliquots of synthetic urine solns and 1% <math>H_3PO_4</math> or 1% <math>NaOH</math> solns were used to adjust the pH to the required value. The solns were agitated for 24 h with addn of acid or base to keep them at the desired pH level until equilibrium was attained. Then the solns were filtered and in aliquots the sulfonamide was assayed spectrophotometrically by the method described by Biamonte and Schneller (1).</p>	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b> Nothing specified  <b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b> Soly: average values of 2 detns were given. Temp: not specified. pH : not specified.  <b>REFERENCES:</b> 1. Biamonte, A. R.; Schneller, G. E. <i>J. Am. Pharm. Assoc., Sci. Ed.</i> <u>1952</u> , 41, 341.																							

<b>COMPONENTS:</b> (1) Benzenesulfonamide, 4-amino-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)- (sulfaethylthiadiazole); $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_2S_2$ ; [94-19-9] (2) Methane, trichloro- (chloroform); $CHCl_3$ ; [67-66-3]	<b>ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:</b> Riess, W. <i>Intern. Congr. Chemotherapy, Proc., 3rd. Stuttgart 1963, 1, 627-32.</i>
<b>VARIABLES:</b> One temperature: 20°C	<b>PREPARED BY:</b> R. Piekos
<b>EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:</b>  <p style="text-align: center;">Solubility of sulfaethylthiadiazole in chloroform at 20°C is 109 mg%</p> <p style="text-align: center;">( <math>3.83 \times 10^{-3}</math> mol dm<sup>-3</sup> solution, compiler ).</p>	
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<b>METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:</b>  Nothing specified.	<b>SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:</b>  Nothing specified.  <b>ESTIMATED ERROR:</b>  Nothing specified.  <b>REFERENCES:</b>