## COMPONENTS:

- (1) 1,1,3-Trimethylcyclohexane; C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>18</sub>; [3073-66-3]
- (2) Water; H<sub>2</sub>O; [7732-18-5]

### ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:

Price, L.C.

Am. Assoc. Petrol. Geol. Bull. 1976, 60, 213-44.

#### **VARIABLES:**

One temperature: 25°C

### PREPARED BY:

M.C. Haulait-Pirson

#### EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:

The solubility of 1,1,3-trimethylcyclohexane in water at 25°C and at system pressure was reported to be 1.77 mg(1)/kg(2). The corresponding mass percent and mole fraction,  $x_1$ , calculated by the compiler are 1.77 x  $10^{-4}$  g(1)/100 g sln and 2.53 x  $10^{-7}$ .

# AUXILIARY INFORMATION

### METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:

The solubility was determined at laboratory temperatures by use of screw-cap test tubes. The (1) phase floated on top of the water and insured saturation of the (2) phase in 2 to 4 days. Analyses were carried out by GLC using a Hewlett-Packard model 5751 gas chromatograph with dual-flame ionization detectors. Many details are given in the paper.

#### SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:

- (1) Phillips Petroleum Company; Chemical Samples Company or Aldrich Chemical Company; 99+%.
- (2) distilled.

## ESTIMATED ERROR:

temp. ± 1°C

soly.  $\pm$  0.05 mg(1)/kg(2)

## REFERENCES:

### COMPONENTS:

(1) 1,1,3-Trimethylcyclohexane;  $C_0H_{10}$ ; [3073-66-3]

(2) Water; H<sub>2</sub>O; [7732-18-5]

## ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:

Krzyzanowska, T.; Szeliga, J.

Nafta (Katowice), 1978, 12, 413-7.

### VARIABLES:

One temperature: 25°C

### PREPARED BY:

M.C. Haulait-Pirson

#### EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:

The solubility of 1,1,3-trimethylcyclohexane in water at 25°C was reported to be 0.115 mg(1)/kg(2).

The corresponding mass percent and mole fraction,  $x_1$ , calculated by compiler are 1.15 x  $10^{-5}$  g(1)/100 g sln and 1.64 x  $10^{-8}$ .

Editor's Note: Based on the results for this and other hydrocarbon-water systems, uncertainity exists about whether the datum compiled here is independent of that of Price for the same system (see previous page). Consequently, this system has not been evaluated.

## AUXILIARY INFORMATION

# METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:

The saturated solutions of (1) in (2) were prepared in two ways. First, 200 µL of (1) was injected into 20 mL of (2) and thermostatted at 25°C. Second, the mixture of (1) and (2) as above was thermostatted at 70°C and then cooled to 25°C. time required to obtain equilibrium The solubility of was three weeks. (1) in (2) was measured by glc. Perkin-Elmer model F-11 gas chromatograph equipped with a 100-150 mesh Porasil column (70°C) and a flame ionization detector was used. urated solutions of heptane in (2) were used as standard solutions.

### SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:

- (1) not specified.
- (2) not specified.

### ESTIMATED ERROR:

soly. 0.02 mg(1)/kg(2) (standard deviation from 7-9 determinations).

## REFERENCES: